

# **Advanced Steam Turbine Controls - Mechanical Drives**

A Petrotech, Inc. White Paper

# Petrotech. Inc.

EXPERIENCE • CAPABILITY • EXECUTION

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# **Company Overview**

Petrotech Incorporated (Petrotech), headquartered in New Orleans, Louisiana has been providing advanced turbomachinery and process control systems for more than 40 years. With facilities in Houston, Texas and Suffolk, United Kingdom, Petrotech provides a full range of products and services for rotating machinery control and instrumentation. Our products include integrated control systems for gas and steam turbines, generators, compressors, pumps and the associated ancillary equipment. We also provide sophisticated process control solutions around the rotating machinery that complement or replace DCS based plant controls. Our turnkey services include engineering design (software and hardware), control panel manufacturing, site I&E services, commissioning and startup.

Within the energy sector, Petrotech has installed control system solutions for oil & gas, petrochemical and power generation plants. We help our customers increase reliability, improve efficiency and reduce downtime. Over our 40 years, we have developed a library of mature control products and applications for centrifugal and reciprocating compressors anti-surge and process control, as well as gas, hydro and steam turbines. These applications have logged millions of hours controlling, optimizing and protecting the operation of a variety of rotating machinery.

Regardless of where in the energy chain Petrotech operates, our approach remains the same. To deliver superior customer satisfaction, that builds upon our reputation as a leader in rotating machinery controls.

# **Abstract**

In process plants, refineries and small power producing facilities, the three most common types of steam turbines include:

#### **Straight Flow Turbines**

In straight flow steam turbines, the steam is admitted through the steam control valve(s). The entire mass flowrate of steam flows through all of the turbine stages and exits after the last stage into a condenser in the case of a condensing steam turbine, or into an exhaust steam header in the case of a back pressure turbine.

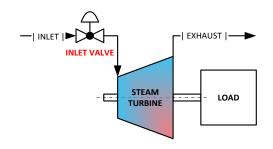


Figure 1 - Simple Steam Turbine

# Single Extraction/Admission Turbines

In single extraction steam turbines, the steam is admitted through the steam control valve(s) and flows through the high pressure stages. An extraction control valve then splits the steam path into an extraction stream and a low pressure stream. The extraction stream exits the steam turbine to be used elsewhere in the facility for process purposes. The low pressure stream passes through the low pressure stages and into a condenser in the case of a condensing steam turbine, or into an exhaust steam header in the case of a back pressure turbine.

Admission turbine work similarly to extraction turbines, with the exception that additional low pressure steam is admitted to the low pressure stages of the turbine.

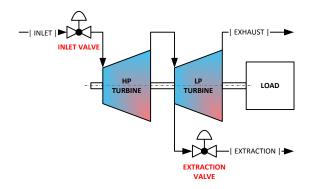


Figure 2 - Single Extraction Turbine

#### **Double Extraction Turbines**

Double extraction steam turbines operate similarly as single extraction steam turbines, except there are two extraction valves allowing for two extraction points for process steam.

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#### Petrotech Steam Turbine Controller (STC)

The Petrotech STC manages the operation of the steam turbine from issuance of the start command all the way through the warmup to loaded operation. The STC provides a standard foundation to integrate steam turbine control system into either a mechanical or electrical drive application and provides the appropriate sequence interfaces to the auxiliary systems, such as lube oil gland seals.

The starting/warmup control sequence is a highly configurable program, which provides the ability to tailor the warmup and start sequence to meet virtually any manufacturer's warm up and slow roll requirements for cold, warm and hot start sequences. Once the steam turbine is at load speed, the load speed governor assumes control of the steam valve to manage the turbine output.

Additional controls also manage the extraction and admission requirements for extraction/admission of steam turbines to comply with the OEMs extraction and admission limits.

#### Main Steam Valve Control

#### Starting/Warmup/Override Speed Control

The starting/warmup control logic governs the steam turbine's speed setpoint through the warmup cycle up to the loading speed. Once the start command is issued, the logic determines the warmup mode depending on how long the steam turbine has been shutdown. The warmup mode, selected by the STC, is based on the duration of the last shutdown and has three configurable warmup modes (Cold Start, Warm Start and Hot Start) each with configurable warmup/rampup settings. Configurable parameters are easily adjusted to make it possible to configure virtually any desirable warmup sequence. Each starting/warmup sequence has 10 configurable speed setpoints and speed setpoint ramp rates. The speed setpoints are configured for the holding setpoint with a setpoint dwell timer. In the case where less than 10 setpoints are necessary (e.g., Hot Start), the dwell timers are set to zero. The 9th and 10th speed setpoints are always configured as the minimum governor speed setpoint and the maximum governor speed setpoint respectively.

#### **Cold Start**

When the shutdown time exceeds the cold start time limit, the starting/warmup logic brings the steam turbine to loading via the configured cold start warmup speed plateaus and ramp rate plateaus.

#### **Warm Start**

When the shutdown time exceeds the hot start time limit but is less than the cold start time limit, the starting /warmup logic brings the steam turbine to loading via the configured warm start warmup speed plateaus and ramp rate plateaus.

#### **Hot Start**

When the shutdown time is less than the warm start time limit, the starting/warmup logic brings the steam turbine to loading via the configured hot start warmup speed plateaus and ramp rate plateaus.

#### **Critical Speed Avoidance**

In all start modes the logic includes configurable parameters to ramp the steam turbine through critical speeds at faster than normal ramp rates between the warmup plateaus when required.

### **Speed Override Controller**

After the issuance of the load command, the speed override controller setpoint ramps up to the maximum governor speed setpoint. For the duration of loaded operation the speed override controller acts as a maximum governor controller.

# **Speed Load Controller**

Once the start starting/warmup sequence is complete the unit idles at the loading speed setpoint until the load command is issued. Upon issuance of the load command, the setpoint to the load speed controller is raised by the capacity controller response and the speed increases to the demand necessary to satisfy the compressor process throughput requirements.

The speed load controller will govern the speed demand of the steam turbine unless one of the override controllers (steam inlet/exit pressure, speed override controllers) overrides on low selection.



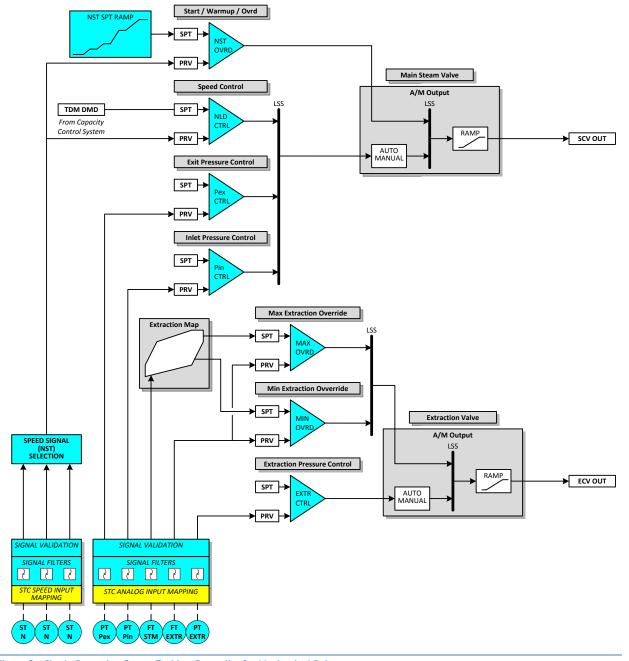


Figure 3 - Single Extraction Steam Turbine Controller for Mechanical Drive

## Steam Inlet/Exit Pressure Controllers

The steam inlet pressure controller will govern the steam turbine speed in the event of reduced steam availability. As inlet pressure decreases the steam inlet pressure will trim the steam turbine demand signal in an effort to maintain the minimum safe steam pressure.

Conversely, the steam exit pressure controller will govern the steam turbine speed in the event of excessive exit steam pressure. As exit pressure increases the steam inlet pressure will trim the steam turbine demand signal in an effort to maintain the minimum safe steam pressure.

Use of either steam pressure controller is optional and the function of either on can be enabled/disabled via configurable parameters.



#### Main Steam Valve Auto-Manual Station

The main steam valve Auto-Manual station provides the means to override automatic speed response of the steam inlet/exit pressure and load speed controllers. The exception is the speed override controller. The speed override controller is always the last low selected controller in the logic low signal selection (LSS) in order to prevent unit overspeed conditions.

### **Steam Extraction/Admission Control**

The Steam Extraction Map defines the extraction operating range for extraction turbines as a function of inlet steam admitted to the steam turbine through the main steam valve. The extraction map defines the stream extraction boundaries (i.e., minimum extraction flowrate and maximum extraction flowrate).

The minimum extraction and maximum extraction flowrates determined via the operating conditions and extraction map which are mapped into the minimum extraction and maximum extraction override controllers where they will actively override the extraction pressure if conditions dictate.

# Extraction/Admission, Minimum/Maximum Override Controllers

The extraction override controllers prevent the automatic extraction controller or the manual operation of the extraction control valve from exceeding the specified extraction/admission limits for the steam turbine. Using the main steam input and the load on the steam turbine, the extraction override controllers constantly update their respective minimum and maximum limits (i.e., setpoints) and when the extraction capacity approaches these limits the controllers override to prevent the extraction capacity from exceeding the limits.

#### **Automatic Extraction/Admission Controller**

Under normal conditions the automatic extraction controller regulates the admission/extraction capacity to the user provided setpoint.

#### **Extraction Valve Auto-Manual Station**

The extraction valve Auto-Manual station provides the means to override the automatic response of the extraction pressure controller. The exceptions are the minimum and maximum extraction override controllers. The extraction override controllers are always the last low selected controllers in the logic low signal selection (LSS) in order to prevent too little or excessive extraction for the current operating conditions.

#### Conclusion

Petrotech's steam turbine control systems can be deployed in a variety of control systems platforms, including Allen Bradley Control Logix, Siemens S7 and GE Fanuc Rx3i. The core STC application is IEC 6-1131 compliant, thus simplifying the cross PLC platform compatibility. And when Petrotech is selected to perform the entire application scope, our engineers can fully leverage decoupling strategies between other integrated control systems, such as anti-surge and capacity controls as a part of a fully integrated control system.

In addition to a fully integrated system, Petrotech's STC can be deployed in stand-alone applications where only the core steam control application is required. The STC application includes the following features:

- Starting/Warmup/Override Speed Control.
- Multiple and configurable starting and warmup calibration parameters to accommodate cold, warm and hot start requirements.
- Calibration parameters to customize critical speed avoidance strategies.
- Calibration parameters to customize the starting ramp rates.
- Speed based Load Control.
- Steam Inlet and Exhaust Pressure Control.
- Pressure or Flowrate based Extraction Control.
- Extraction Minimum/Maximum Override Control.
- Manual override of automatic control response of both the main steam inlet valve and extraction control valve. Each with "Safe" manual features to protect against overspeed and violation of extraction limits.



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